

Directional seat valves, direct operated, with solenoid actuation

RE 22045-XN

Edition: 2018-07 Replaces: 2016-04

Type SED ...XN



▶ Size 10

- Component series 1X
- Maximum operating pressure 350 bar
- ► Maximum flow 40 I/min



ATEX units

For potentially explosive atmospheres





- Information on explosion protection:
- Area of application in accordance with the Explosion Protection Directive 2014/34/EU: II 3G; II 3D
- ► Area of application according to technical rules EAC TR CU 012/2011: II 3G; II 3D
- ► Type of protection of the valve solenoids:
 - Ex ec IIC T3 Gc according to EN 60079-7
 - Ex tc IIIC T140°C Dc according to EN 60079-31

Features

- ▶ 3/2 or 4/2-way version
- ▶ For intended use in a potentially explosive atmosphere
- ▶ Porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05
- ► Wet-pin DC solenoids
- Safe switching also with longer standstill periods under pressure
- Solenoid coil can be rotated by 90°
- ▶ Electrical connection with individual connection
- ► With manual override, optional

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Ordering code

01	02 03 04 05 06	07 08 09 10 11	12 13 14	
М	- SED 10 1X	/ 350 C G24 XN	K4 /	
01	Mineral oil			
02	3 main ports			3
	4 main ports			4
03	Seat valve			SED
04	Size 10			10
Symb				
05	Main ports	3	4	
	a P T	✓	-	UK
	a Work b	✓	-	ск
	a A B W b	-	-	D
	a W b	-	-	Y
06	Component series 10 19 (10 19: u	unchanged installation and connection	dimensions)	1X
07	Operating pressure 350 bar			350
80	Solenoid, wet (wet-pin), with detachab	DIE COII		С
Volta				001
09	Direct voltage 24 V			G24
10	With concealed manual override			N9
	Without manual override			no code
	osion protection			
11	"Non-sparking"	on protection, page 7		XN
	For details, see information on explosion	on protection, page /		
	trical connection			
12	Individual connection Solenoid without mating connector			K4
	For details of electrical connections, se	ee page 15		N4
	1	10		

Ordering code

01		02	03	04	05	06		07	80	09	10	11	12		13	14
М	-		SED	10		1X	/	350	С	G24		XN	K4	/		

13	Without check valve insert, without throttle insert	no code
	Throttle Ø 1.2 mm	B12
	Throttle Ø 1.5 mm	B15
	Throttle Ø 1.8 mm	B18
	Throttle Ø 2.0 mm	B20
	Throttle Ø 2.2 mm	B22

Seal material

Γ	14	NBR seals	no code
		FKM seals	V
		Observe compatibility of seals with hydraulic fluid used.	

Notice:

Representation of the symbols according to DIN ISO 1219-1.

Function, section, symbols: 3/2 directional seat valve

General

Directional valves of type SED are direct operated directional seat valves with solenoid actuation. They control start, stop and direction of flow.

The directional valves basically consists of a housing (1), the solenoid (2), the valve seats (7) and (11) as well as of the control spool (4).

The manual override (6) allows for the switching of the valve without solenoid energization.

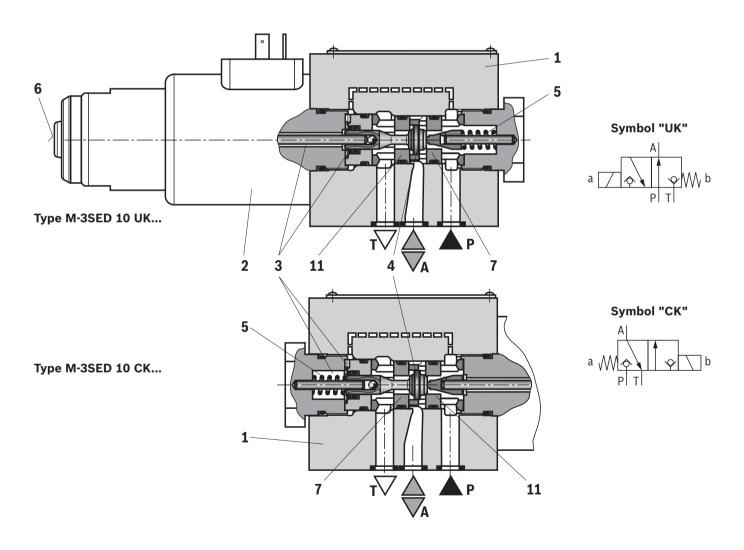
Basic principle

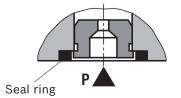
The initial position of the valve (normally open "UK" or normally closed "CK") is determined by the arrangement of the spring (5). The chamber (3) behind the control spool (4) is connected to port P and sealed against port T. Thus, the valve is pressure-compensated in relation to the actuating forces (solenoid and spring).

By means of the control spool (4), the ports P, A and T can be loaded with the maximum operating pressure (350 bar) and the flow can be directed in both directions (see symbols).

In the initial position, the control spool (4) is pressed onto the seat (11) by the spring (5), in spool position, it is pressed onto the seat (7) by the solenoid (2). The flow is blocked.

Seat valves can be used according to the spool symbols as well as the assigned operating pressures and flows (see performance limits on page 8).





Throttle insert "...B"

The use of a throttle insert is required when, due to prevailing operating conditions, flows occur during the switching processes which exceed the performance limit of the valve.

Function, section, symbols: 4/2 directional seat valve

With a sandwich plate, the **Plus-1 subplate**, under the 3/2 directional seat valve, the function of a 4/2 directional seat valve is achieved.

Function of the Plus-1 subplate

► Initial position:

The main valve is not actuated. The spring (5) holds the control spool (4) on the seat (11). Port P is blocked and A is connected to T. Apart from that, one control line is connected from A to the large area of the control spool (8), which is thus unloaded to the tank. The pressure applied via P now pushes the ball (9) onto the seat (10). Now, P is connected to B, and A to T.

► Transition position:

When the main valve is operated, the control spool (4) is shifted against the spring (5) and pressed onto the seat (7). During this, port T is blocked, P, A, and B are briefly connected to each other.

► Spool position:

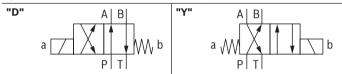
P is connected to A. As the pump pressure acts via A on the large area of the control spool (8), the ball (9) is pressed onto the seat (12). Thus, B is connected to T, and P to A. The ball (9) in the Plus-1 subplate has a "positive spool overlap".

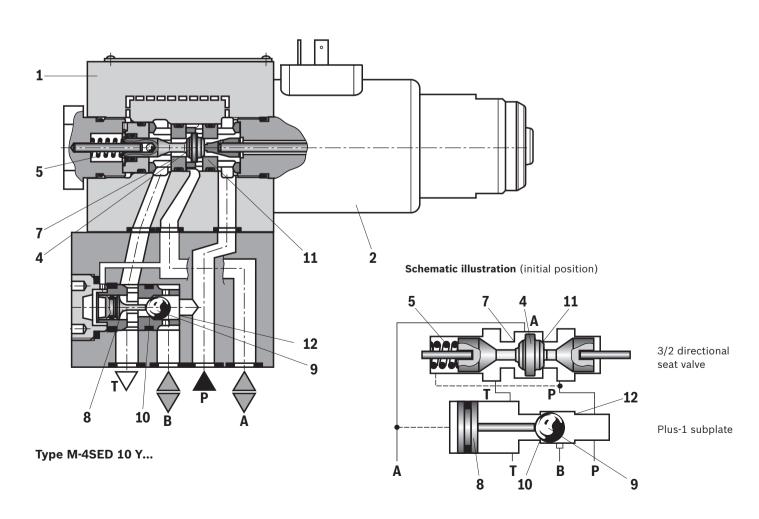
Notice:

If the annulus area of differential cylinders is not connected to port A, a pressure peak is created in port B during the switching process. This pressure peak may exceed the admissible operating pressure.

The use of the Plus-1 subplate and the seat arrangement offer the following options:

Symbols





Technical data

(For applications outside these parameters, please consult us!)

general			
Installation posit	ion		any
Ambient tempera	ature range	°C	-20 +50 ¹⁾
Storage tempera	ture range	°C	+5 +40
Maximum storage	e time	Years	1
Weight	▶ 3/2 directional seat valve	kg	3.3
	► 4/2 directional seat valve	kg	4.7
Surface protection	on		galvanized

hydraulic	
Maximum operating pressure bar	See table page 8
Maximum flow I/min	40
Hydraulic fluid	See table below
Hydraulic fluid temperature range °C	-20 +80 (NBR seals) ²⁾ -15 +80 (FKM seals) ²⁾
Viscosity range mm²/s	2.8 500
Maximum admissible degree of contamination of the hydraulic fluid cleanliness class according to ISO 4406 (c)	Class 20/18/15 ³⁾
Maximum surface temperature °C	See information on explosion protection, page 7

Hydraulic fluid		Classification	Suitable sealing materials	Standards	Data sheet
Mineral oils		HL, HLP, HLPD	NBR, FKM	DIN 51524	90220
Bio-degradable	► Insoluble in water	HETG	NBR, FKM	ISO 15380	90221
		HEES	FKM	1	
	► Soluble in water	HEPG	FKM	ISO 15380]

Important information on hydraulic fluids:

- ► For further information and data on the use of other hydraulic fluids, please refer to the data sheets above or contact us!
- ► There may be limitations regarding the technical valve data (temperature, pressure range, life cycle, maintenance intervals, etc.)!
- ▶ Ignition temperature > 190°C
- 1) Maximum 40°C when using the cable sets DS2513, see page 15
- 2) Observe the "Special conditions for safe use" on page 7.
- 3) The cleanliness classes specified for the components must be adhered to in hydraulic systems. Effective filtration prevents faults and simultaneously increases the life cycle of the components.

For the selection of filters, see www.boschrexroth.com/filter.

electric		,	
Voltage type			Direct voltage
Available voltages		V	24
Voltage tolerance (nominal voltage)		%	±10
Admissible residual ripple		%	< 5
Duty cycle / operating mode according to	VDE 0580		S1 (continuous operation)
Rated current		mA	950
Switching times according to ISO 6403 4)	► ON	ms	40 80
	▶ OFF	ms	10 25
Maximum switching frequency		Hz	1
Maximum switch-off voltage peaks solenoi	d	V	500, suitable damping by user required
Nominal power at ambient temperature 20)°C	W	23
Maximum power with 1.1 x nominal voltag	e	W	28.8
and ambient temperature 20°C			
Protection class according to EN 60529			IP 65 ⁵⁾

Technical data

(For applications outside these parameters, please consult us!)

Information on explosion protection – Directive 2014/34/EU				
Area of application		II 3G	II 3D	
Type of protection valve		c (EN 13463-5)		
Type of protection valve solenoid according to EN 60079-7 / EN 60079-31		Ex ec IIC T3 Gc	Ex tc IIIC T140°C Dc	
Maximum surface temperature ⁶⁾	°C	140		
Temperature class		Т3		
Type examination certificate solenoid		BVS 12 ATEX E 062 X		
Requirements on the mating connector				
Temperature rating	°C	≥ 100 ⁷⁾		
Area of application according to directive 2014/34/EU		II 3G; II 3D		
Protection class in plugged condition		IP 65 ⁵⁾		
Information on explosion protection – technical rules EAC TR C	CU 012/2	011		
Area of application		II 3G	II 3D	
Valve type of protection marking		2Ex nA II T3 Gc X	Ex tc IIIC T140°C Dc X	
Maximum surface temperature 6)	°C	140		
Temperature class		Т3		
Certificate of conformity		№ TC RU C-DE.ΓБ08.В.02161		

- 4) The switching times were determined at a hydraulic fluid temperature of 40°C and a viscosity of 46 cSt. Deviating hydraulic fluid temperatures can result in different switching times! Switching times change dependent on operating time and application conditions.
- 5) If suitable mating connectors are used and the electrical connection is correctly mounted
- $^{6)}$ Surface temperature > 50 °C, provide contact protection
- 7) Transfer temperature on the connector of the valve solenoid 85°C at ambient temperature 40°C

Special application conditions for safe application:

- ► Connection lines must be installed in a strain-relieved way.
- ► The valve is to be installed in a way that no impact stress > 4 J can become effective.
- ► In order to avoid dangers caused by static charge, the base and/or subplate on which the valve is to be fitted must be electrically conductive and included in the equipotential bonding.
- ► The valve must not be installed close to charge generating processes.
- ▶ Dust layers with a thickness > 50 mm are not admissible.
- ► Maximum hydraulic fluid temperature: In case of bank assembly, as long as only one solenoid is energized at a time, and in case of individual assembly: +80°C. In case of bank assembly when more than one solenoid is energized simultaneously: +65°C
- ▶ The maximum temperature of the surface of the valve jacket is 110°C. This has to be considered when selecting the connection cable and/or contact of the connection cable with the surface of the jacket is to be prevented.

Performance limits

(measured with HLP46, \$oil= 40 ±5 °C)

				0	perating pr	essure in b	ar	Flow in I/min
		Symbol	Note	Р	Α	В	т	
circuit	UK	a A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	With 2/2-way circuits, port P	350	350		350	40
2-way circuit	СК	a W P T b	or T must be closed.	350	350		350	40
circuit	UK	a A O W b		350	350		350	40
3-way circuit	СК	a W b b		350	350		350	40
4-way circuit (flow only possible in the direction of arrow)	D	a A B W b	3/2 directional valve (symbol "UK") in connection with Plus-1 subplate: $p_P \ge p_A \ge p_B \ge p_T$	350	350	350	p _P / p _A / p _B -40	40
4-way (flow only po	Y	a W b	3/2 directional valve (symbol "CK") in connection with Plus-1 subplate: $p_P \ge p_A \ge p_B \ge p_T$	350	350	350	p _P / p _A / p _B -40	40

Motes:

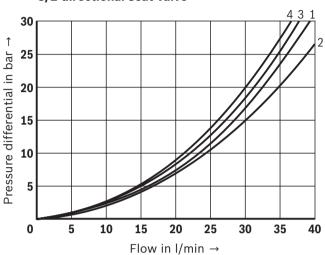
[▶] Please observe the general information on page 16.

[►] The performance limits were determined when the solenoids were at operating temperature, at 10% undervoltage and without tank preloading.

Characteristic curves

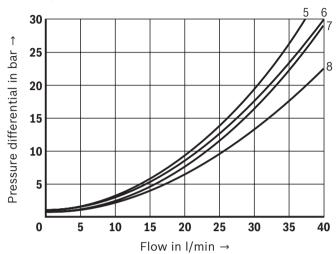
(measured with HLP46, θ_{oil} = 40 ±5°C)

 Δp - q_V characteristic curves 3/2 directional seat valve

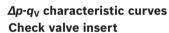


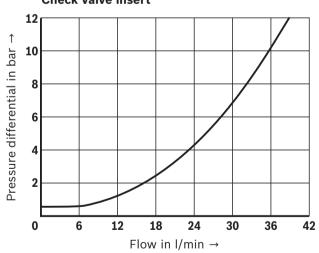
- **1** P → A (CK)
- 2 A → T (CK)
- **3** P → A (UK)
- 4 A → T (UK)

Δp - q_V characteristic curves 4/2 directional seat valve

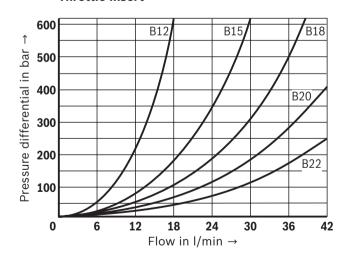


- **5** A → T
- **6** P → A
- **7** B → T
- **8** P → B

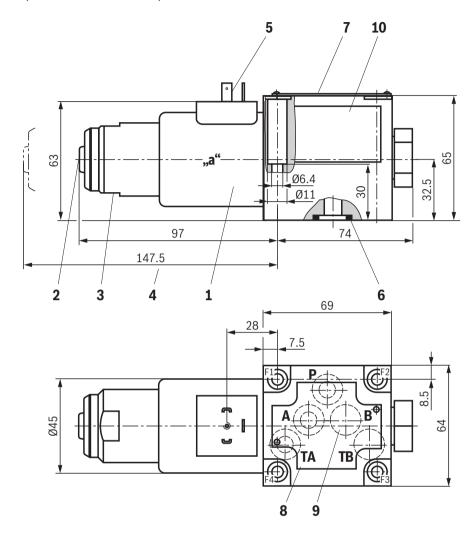


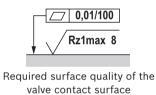


Δp - q_V characteristic curves Throttle insert



Dimensions: 3/2 directional seat valve - design "UK" (dimensions in mm)





- 1 Solenoid coil
- 2 Concealed manual override "N9"
- 3 Mounting nut with double edge SW32
- 4 Space required to remove the solenoid coil
- 5 Plug-in connector according to EN 175301-803, design A, (cable sets, separate order, see page 15 and data sheet 08006)
- 6 Identical seal rings for ports A, B, T, Seal ring for port P
- 7 Name plate
- Porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05
- 9 Ports B and TB are available as blind counterbores
- 10 Adhesive type label

Valve mounting screws (separate order)

For reasons of stability, use exclusively the following valve mounting screws:

4 hexagon socket head cap screws

ISO 4762 - M6 x 40 - 10.9

(friction coefficient $\mu_{\text{total}} = 0.09 \dots 0.14$);

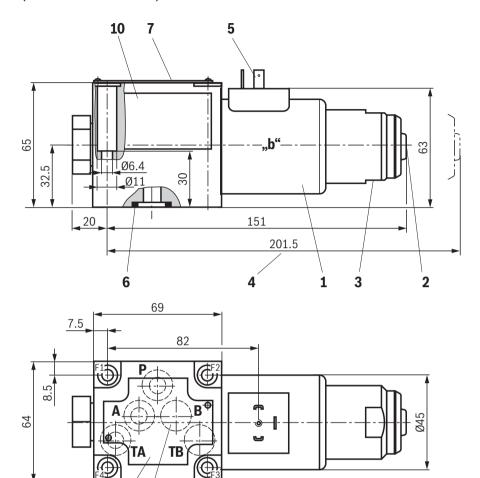
material no. **R913051533**

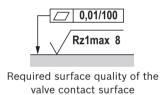
Subplates (separate order) with porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05 see data sheet 45100.

Notes:

- ▶ Subplates are no components in the sense of directive 2014/34/EU and can be used after the manufacturer of the overall system has conducted an assessment of the risk of ignition. The "G...J3" versions are free from aluminum and/or magnesium and galvanized.
- ▶ Deviating from ISO 4401, port T is in this data sheet called TA, port T1 is called TB.
- ▶ The dimensions are nominal dimensions which are subject to tolerances.

Dimensions: 3/2 directional seat valve – version "CK" (dimensions in mm)





- 1 Solenoid coil
- 2 Concealed manual override "N9"

8

- 3 Mounting nut with double edge SW32
- 4 Space required to remove the solenoid coil

9

- 5 Plug-in connector according to EN 175301-803, design A, (cable sets, separate order, see page 15 and data sheet 08006)
- **6** Identical seal rings for ports A, B, T, Seal ring for port P
- 7 Name plate
- 8 Porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05
- 9 Ports B and TB are available as blind counterbores
- 10 Adhesive type label

Valve mounting screws (separate order)

For reasons of stability, use exclusively the following valve mounting screws:

4 hexagon socket head cap screws ISO 4762 - M6 x 40 - 10.9

(friction coefficient $\mu_{\text{total}} = 0.09 \dots 0.14$);

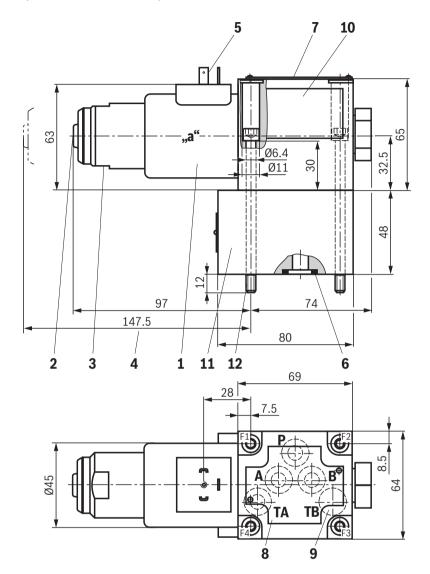
material no. **R913051533**

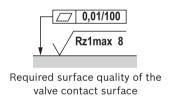
Subplates (separate order) with porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05 see data sheet 45100.

Notes:

- ➤ Subplates are no components in the sense of directive 2014/34/EU and can be used after the manufacturer of the overall system has conducted an assessment of the risk of ignition. The "G...J3" versions are free from aluminum and/or magnesium and galvanized.
- ► Deviating from ISO 4401, port T is in this data sheet called TA, port T1 is called TB.
- ► The dimensions are nominal dimensions which are subject to tolerances.

Dimensions: 4/2 directional seat valve – design "D" (dimensions in mm)





- 1 Solenoid coil
- 2 Concealed manual override "N9"
- 3 Mounting nut with double edge SW32
- 4 Space required to remove the solenoid coil
- 5 Plug-in connector according to EN 175301-803, design A, (cable sets, separate order, see page 15 and data sheet 08006)
- **6** Identical seal rings for ports A, B, T, Seal ring for port P
- 7 Name plate
- 8 Porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05
- 9 Port TB is available as blind counterbore.
- 10 Adhesive type label
- 11 Plus-1 subplate
- 12 Valve mounting screws

Valve mounting screws (included in the scope of delivery) For reasons of stability, use exclusively the following valve mounting screws:

4 hexagon socket head cap screws ISO 4762 - M6 x 90 - 10.9

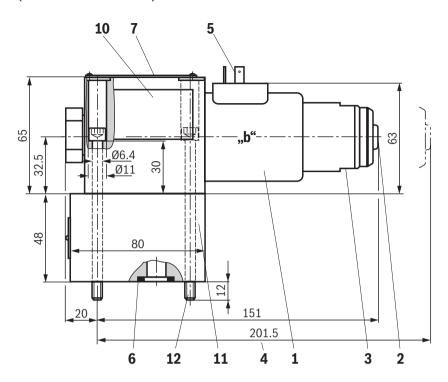
(friction coefficient $\mu_{\text{total}} = 0.09 \dots 0.14$); material no. **R913048089**

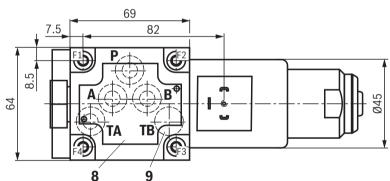
Subplates (separate order) with porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05 see data sheet 45100.

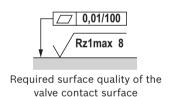
Notes:

- ► Subplates are no components in the sense of directive 2014/34/EU and can be used after the manufacturer of the overall system has conducted an assessment of the risk of ignition. The "G...J3" versions are free from aluminum and/or magnesium and galvanized.
- ▶ Deviating from ISO 4401, port T is in this data sheet called TA, port T1 is called TB.
- ► The dimensions are nominal dimensions which are subject to tolerances.

Dimensions: 4/2 directional seat valve – design "Y" (dimensions in mm)







- 1 Solenoid coil
- 2 Concealed manual override "N9"
- **3** Mounting nut with double edge SW32
- 4 Space required to remove the solenoid coil
- 5 Plug-in connector according to EN 175301-803, design A, (cable sets, separate order, see page 15 and data sheet 08006)
- **6** Identical seal rings for ports A, B, T, Seal ring for port P
- 7 Name plate
- 8 Porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05
- 9 Port TB is available as blind counterbore.
- 10 Adhesive type label
- 11 Plus-1 subplate
- 12 Valve mounting screws

Valve mounting screws (included in the scope of delivery) For reasons of stability, use exclusively the following valve mounting screws:

4 hexagon socket head cap screws ISO 4762 - M6 x 90 - 10.9

(friction coefficient μ_{total} = 0.09 ... 0.14); material no. **R913048089**

Subplates (separate order) with porting pattern according to ISO 4401-05-04-0-05 see data sheet 45100.

Motes:

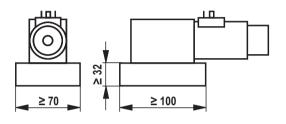
- ➤ Subplates are no components in the sense of directive 2014/34/EU and can be used after the manufacturer of the overall system has conducted an assessment of the risk of ignition. The "G...J3" versions are free from aluminum and/or magnesium and galvanized.
- ▶ Deviating from ISO 4401, port T is in this data sheet called TA, port T1 is called TB.
- ➤ The dimensions are nominal dimensions which are subject to tolerances.

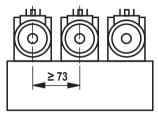
Installation conditions

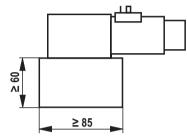
(dimensions in mm)

	Individual assembly	Bank assembly		
Subplate dimensions	Minimum dimensions Length ≥ 100, width ≥ 70, height ≥ 32	Minimum cross-section Height ≥ 60, width ≥ 85		
Thermal conductivity of the subplate	≥ 38 W/mK (EN-GJS-500-7)			
Minimum distance between the longitudinal valve axes	≥ `	73		

Individual assembly







Notice:

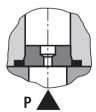
With regard to the hydraulic fluid temperature, observe the "Special conditions for safe use" on page 7.

Throttle insert

The use of a throttle insert is required when due to prevailing operating conditions, flows can occur during the switching processes, which exceed the performance limit of the valve.

Examples:

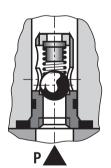
- ► Accumulator operation,
- ▶ Use as pilot control valve with internal pilot fluid tapping.



Check valve insert

Bank assembly

The check valve insert allows a free flow from P to A and closes A to P.



Electrical connection

The type-examination tested valve solenoid of the valve is equipped with an electrical connection according to the following table. The electrical connection of the solenoid is polarity-independent.

Electrical connections and coil connection combinations

Ordering code connector		Top view	Circuit diagram	Pin	Connections, assignment
Connector 3-pole (2+PE) according to DIN EN 175301-803 (IP65)	K4	1)		2	Solenoid coil, polarity- independent
				(1)	Grounding

¹⁾ M3, maximum tightening torque **M**_{A max} = 1 Nm

Over-current fuse and switch-off voltage peaks

Voltage data in the valve type code	Nominal voltage Valve solenoid	Rated current Valve solenoid	Recommended pre-fuse characteristics medium time-lag according to DIN EN 60127-1
G24	24 V DC	0.95 A DC	1 A

Notice:

Corresponding to the rated current, a fuse according to DIN 41571 and EN / IEC 60127 has to be connected upstream of every valve solenoid (max. $3 \times I_{rated}$).

The shut-off threshold of the fuse has to match the prospective short-circuit current of the supply source.

The prospective short-circuit current of the supply source may amount to a maximum of 1500 $\mbox{\rm A}.$

This fuse may only be installed outside the potentially explosive atmosphere or must be of an explosion-proof design. When inductivities are switched off, voltage peaks result which may cause faults in the connected control electronics. The voltage peak must be damped by a suitable external circuitry. We recommend a circuitry with a suppressor diode with a limitation voltage of approx. 50 V.

Accessories (separate order)

Mating connector

Cable set DS2513	Length in m	Material number
Plug-in connection with securely potted-in cable according to	3.0	R901200418
DIN EN 175301-803, see data sheet 08006	5.0	R901200460
	12.0	R901200582

General information

Seat valves can be used according to the spool symbols as well as the assigned operating pressures and flows (see performance limits on page 8).

In order to ensure safe functioning, it is absolutely necessary to observe the following:

- ► Seat valves have a negative spool overlap, i.e. leakage oil occurs during the switching process. However, this process takes place within such a short time that it is irrelevant in nearly all cases of use.
- ► The indicated maximum flow must not be exceeded (if applicable, use a throttle insert for flow limitation.

Plus-1 subplate:

► If the Plus-1 subplate (4/2 directional function) is used, the following lower operating values have to be observed:

 $p_{\min} = 8 \text{ bar}, q_{V} > 3 \text{ l/min}.$

- ► The ports P, A, B and T are clearly specified according to their tasks. They must not be exchanged or closed.
- ▶ Port T must always be connected.
- ► The pressure level and the pressure distribution are to be observed.
- ▶ The flow is only admissible in the direction of arrow.

Further information

SubplatesUse of non-electrical hydraulic components in an explosive environment (ATEX)

► Hydraulic fluids on mineral oil basis

► Environmentally compatible hydraulic fluids

▶ Directional seat valves, direct operated, with solenoid actuation

Selection of filters

► Information on available spare parts

Data sheet 45100

Data sheet 07011 Data sheet 90220

Data sheet 90221

Operating instructions 22045-XN-B www.boschrexroth.com/filter

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